

Nature of Technology	Technology and Society Interaction	Technology for Productivity Applications	Technology and Communication Applications
<p><i>Students develop an understanding of technology, its characteristics, scope, core concepts* and relationships between technologies and other fields.</i></p> <p><i>*The core concepts of technology include systems, resources, requirements, optimization and tradeoffs, processes and controls.</i></p>	<p><i>Students recognize interactions among society, the environment and technology, and understand technology's relationship with history. Consideration of these concepts forms a foundation for engaging in responsible and ethical use of technology.</i></p>	<p><i>Students learn the operations of technology through the usage of technology and productivity tools.</i></p>	<p><i>Students use an array of technologies and apply design concepts to communicate with multiple audiences, acquire and disseminate information and enhance learning.</i></p>
<p>What is technology? What makes technology useful?</p>	<p>How does technology affect society? What are right and wrong ways to use technology?</p>	<p>How do technology tools affect learning?</p>	<p>Is technology an effective way to communicate? What effect does media format have on our ability to communicate?</p>
<p>1. Compare and discuss the characteristics of technology in our community.</p>	<p>2. Investigate and explain the interrelationships between technology and the environment (3rd Science #8, 5th Science #9).</p> <p>3. Benchmark E: Identify development patterns and examine the influence of technology on the world (3rd Science #8).</p>	<p>4. Use productivity tools to produce creative works and prepare publications (e.g. use word processing, spreadsheet, and database applications; Use peripheral devices, such as digital cameras, scanners, printers, and storage devices).</p> <p>5. Use appropriate tools and technology resources to complete tasks and solve problems (e.g. discuss networks, identify and use a variety of software programs, tell a story using presentation software).</p> <p>6. Understand keyboarding positioning and home row keys.</p>	<p>7. Identify the concepts and operations of communication systems (basic design components, costs and connectivity, online learning environments).</p>

## Third Grade

### Technology and Information Literacy

### Design

### Designed World

*Students engage in information literacy strategies, use the Internet, technology tools and resources, and apply information-management skills to answer questions and expand knowledge.*

*Students apply a number of problem-solving strategies demonstrating the nature of design, the role of engineering and the role of assessment.*

*Students understand how the physical, informational and bio-related technological systems of the designed world are brought about by the design process. Critical to this will be students' understanding of their role in the designed world: its processes, products, standards, services, history, future, impact, issues and career connections.*

What makes a person information literate? What makes a resource reliable? What makes information relevant?

How can the design process aid in understanding? How does design influence use? How does use influence design?

Do people drive systems or do systems drive people? How do people drive progress and innovation?

8. Understand the difference between fact and opinion on the Internet.

10. Describe and apply a design process to solve a problem (e.g. problem identification, possible solution, refinement, analysis, decision, implementation, and feedback).

11. Demonstrate an understanding of the effective modes of communication across technologies (SS 8, 17, 18, 19).

9. Identify access and use electronic resources from both free and fee-based Internet sources with teacher guidance.